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UFOs - What Are They?

For several years Estes rocketeers have been requesting MRN articles and information on Unidentified Flying Objects or UFOs as they are popularity referred to. So, in an effort to provide you with the very best, most up to date data possible, we have decided to begin our series of UFO articles with a lesson on how to classify the sighting of a UFO, which is of course the basis of most UFO research.

Reports of unidentified objects in the sky occurred far back in history. The Bible contains several accounts of such phenomena, most notably the story in

Ezekiel.

There is no way of determining how many observations of UFOs (Unidentified Flying Objects) have been made. We can't even tell how many reports were made of such observations since most reports were verbal.

Until recently most people were, by modern standards, uneducated. Many people tended to ignore the possibility of phenomena outside their own experience. Sometimes unexplained observations were disregarded as hallucinations or mistaken observations. If enough people observed and reported the same phenomenon, it was sometimes called a miracle.

Numerous attempts have been made to scientifically study Unidentified Flying Objects. Since these UFOs have not yet appeared on a regular schedule so that trained observers with the proper instruments can study them, there remain



UPI TELEPHOTO clm/

ZANESVILLE, OHIO: Zanesville barber Ralph Ditter made available to news media 2/6 photographs he had taken of what he described as an object from a different solar system than our own. Ditter, an amateur astronomer, made the pictures with a polaroid camera using an exposure of 1/125th of a second at f16.

many questions which are unanswered by the occasional observation by trained personnel and/or cameras or other instruments.

One method of attempting to produce order out of the widely varied sightings is to classify what was observed. Since most observations are made at great distances, this method has built-in limitations. It is, however, one of the more approaches specific study to these objects.

The classification of UFOs into five categories as presented by Jacques Vallee in Anatomy of A Phenomenon: Unidentified Objects in Space - A Scientific Appraisal¹ is a useful one. He groups the UFOs into five distinct categories based on their behaviors.

1. They can be seen (or perceived or imagined) as objects situated on the ground or close to the ground (tree height).

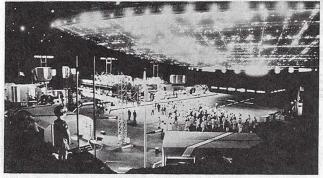
(Continued on next page)

PARENTS, TEACHERS, AND ROCKETEERS

Government regulations now require that an orange 4 inch by 4 inch diamondshaped class "C" explosive label be affixed to all shipping cartons containing model rocket engines. Please do not be alarmed by this label. . . model rocket engines are SAFE!

The label is technically required by a law which is being appealed. Please note that class "C" signifies the safest classification under the government's own standards and that model rocket engines are considered less of a hazard than model airplane fuel or aerosol paints.

1 Jacques Vallee, Anatomy of A Phenomenon: UFO's In Space -A Scientific Appraisal, New York: Ballantine Books, 1974



The majestic mother spaceship from the Cosmic Thriller, CLOSE ENCOUNTERS OF THE THIRD KIND.

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2. They appear as huge cylindrical forms surrounded by cloudlike formations, often vertical.

3. They can be described as aerial forms hovering in the atmosphere, or following a path interrupted by one point at which they appear stationary.

They can be seen as objects crossing the sky

without such pause.
5. They can be observed as distant objects seen as

lights.

For a period of years, the United States Air Force "studied" the UFOs, primarily to determine if they presented a threat to national security. The study has at various times been classified as secret and at other times has not had a secret classification. The study has been called by a number of names including "Project Sign", "Project Grudge", and "Project Blue Book

The scientific consultant to "Project Blue Book" was was Dr. J. Allen Hvnek. then Director of Ohio State University's McMillan Observatory. Dr. Hynek's definition of a UFO is the reported perception of an object or light seen in the sky or on the land and whose appearance, trajectory, and movements and luminescent behavior do not suggest a logical, conventional explanation. The appearance

and behavior of the object is not only mysterious to the original percipients but which remains unidentified after close examination of all available evidence by persons technically competent to make common sense identifications, if such are possible.

Dr. Hynek suggests that scientific analysis efforts be focused on the report of the UFO since the UFO is no longer available for study. He classifies UFO reports into:

1. Those reports in which the UFO is described as having been observed at some distance.

2. Those reports involving close range sightings (usually under 500 feet).

The reports of distant UFOs are classified into several categories.

Nocturnal lights
 Daylight discs

3. Radar-visual observa-

The reported close range sightings are classified into

several types.

1. Close Encounter of the First Kind - No interaction of the UFO with the environment (other than the viewer's perception).

2. Close Encounter of the Second Kind - Physical effects on both animate and inanimate material (as vegtation pressed down, burned, or scorched; tree branches broken; animals

²J. Allen Hynek, The UFO Experience - A Scientific Inquiry, New York: Ballantine Books, 1974

³Carl Sagan, The Cosmic Connection, An Extraterrestrial Perspective

frightened. Inanimate objects, most often vehicles, are reported as becoming momentarily disabled, their engines killed, radios stopped, headlights dimmed or extinguished temporarily).

3. Close Encounter of Third Type - Presence of "occupants" in or about the UFO.

Dr. Hynek has extended his analyses to include evaluation of the report on the basis of Probability and Strangeness.

The Cosmic Connection-An Extraterrastrial Perspective, 3 is a very interesting book. Its author, Carl Sagan, is a well known scientist. Portions of this book are quite pertinent when studying UFOs or reports of UFOs.

Many books and articles have been written about UFOs. Some of the writers are well-known scientists who present the evidence very carefully and attempt to analyze the evidence very meticulously. Other writers supposedly have had close, firsthand contact with the crew of a UFO. A few writers appear to be individuals out to make some money out of the continuing interest in UFOs.

The evidence is not yet all in for study. Are there UFOs? Many thousands of responsible, honest people report having seen them. and radar Photographs sightings back up some of the reports. What are these objects observed by so many people?

Look up. Watch. And wonder.

Bob Jones St. Louis, MO What a strange place for an antenna!

DESIGN OF THE MONTH WINNE

Congratulations to another fine group of Estes Rocketeers for their outstanding DOM entries. First place winners will receive \$75.00 merchandise certificates and honorable mentions will be awarded \$10.00 certificates. Keep those entries coming, maybe you'll be our next winner!

NOVEMBER 1977 - First Place Four-Way-Tie: Kevin Owen Clark, Bolton, CT (Alteria 7 Transportor). Jeff Cinnamon, Cincinnati, OH (Star Seeker). Steve A. Galayda, Granite City, IL (Freebird). Thomas M. Payne Jr., Brooklyn, NY (X-36). Honorable Mention: Keith Furey, New City, NY (Neutron Super Nova). Jeff Wachtel, Tobias, NE (Gallaxy 500). Tom Spivey, Davis, CA (Beletgeuse). Warren Harris, Phoenix, AZ (Little Giant). Raymond Fowkes, Coalinga, CA (The Straw). Brian Payton, San Leandro, CA (North American F-86 SABRE). Karl Berner, Schenectady, NY (Astron Shooting Star). Steven Krygier, San Jose, CA (Arkton). T. Achimasi, San Diego, CA (Thunderchief). Scott Bonar, Orlando, FL (Pursier). Frig Manie, S. San Errneise. (Pursuer). Eric Manio, S. San Francisco, CA (Falcon I). Mike Nesvik, Cedar Falls, IA (Transport 2). Steve Olson, E. Bruns-

troller). Jonathan Simpson, New York, NY (Star Blazer II). Dennis Cahill, Atwater, OH (Blue Heron). Honorable Mentions: John Ackatz, E. Troy, WI (The Force). Gary Nelson, Virginia Beach, VA (BP-TOO Sounder). David Gabet, Cromwell, IN (Red Comet). Charles Henry Babcock, Tempe, AZ (U.S.S. Arizona). Bruce Trimpop, Lovell, ME (Taran Transport Vor-Tex 7). Bill Casciano, Allentown, PA (Drifter Plus). Joe Ashby, Westford, MA (Model Rocket Display Shelf). Stefan Mundt, Florissant, MO (No Name). Guy Springfield. Lake Havasu City, AZ (Storm-Springfield, Lake Havasu City, AZ (Stormtrooper II). Samuel Shermann, Angwin, CA (Helicopter Recovery System.) Bobby wick, NJ (X-15 Orbital Bomber). Edward Parham, Fort Dix, NJ (Launch Pad). David Kim, Darien, IL (Egg Beater). Tom Wright, Prescott, AZ (Spin). Reimer, Smithville, OH (U.S.S. Atlantic). Ronnie Bounds, Farber, MO (U.S. Starship Falcon). Eric Pivnik, Miami, FL (The Space Dee Jenkins Needle). Blake Hardegree, Colorado City, Grand Junction, CO TX (The Inquisitor). Help Us Publish Model Rocket News



Beginning in July 1977 all orders received on odd numbered months will be given a "FREE" iron-on decal for your t-shirts, windbreakers, or range jacket. These new Estes iron-ons will feature a variety of super-neat designs. You iron it on right at home to any surface containing 50% or more polyester. Remember these great new iron-ons will be available only with your return mail orders on the odd numbered months (July, September, November, January, etc.)

Got any good ideas for MODEL ROCKET NEWS articles, technical information, cartoons, anecdotes, club news of unusual interest, etc? Then why not sub-mit them to us for possible publication? Our constant aim is to make MRN a better. more interesting magazine, and you might be just the type of contributor we need.

If you send us photos, please make sure that you pack them between cardboard sheets so that they won't get creased in the

mail. All contributions become the property of Estes Industries and cannot be returned. Address all material to: MRN Editor, Estes Industries, Penrose, Colorado 81240.

DECEMBER 1977 - First Place Five-

Way-Tie: Larry Stein, Milwaukee, WI (The Force). Erik Johnson, Lakewood, CO (Alpha ALC-1). Thomas Harrison, Norfolk,

VA (Mark I Mod O Digital Launch Controller). Jonathan Simpson, New York, NY

> Should your article or photos be used in MRN, we'll reward your efforts and tal-ent with an Estes merchandise certificate, the amount of which will be determined by the MRN editorial staff.

Hope to hear from you soon!

DON'T MISS AN ISSUE OF MODEL ROCKET NEWS

Model Rocket News is published six times yearly and inserted with return mail orders. To receive your bi-monthly copy simply place an order or request the latest issue from: Estes Industries, Att: MRN Editor, Penrose, Colo. 81240.

MR		UBLICATI HEDULE	ON
Vol.	No.	Month	Year
18	1	February	1978
18	2	April	1978
18	3	June	1978
18	4	August	1978

Note: We regret that the MRN is not available as a subscription as we do not have the internal staff and machinery to handle such a program at this time.

YOUR BEST BET IS TO OBTAIN MODEL ROCKET NEWS WITH YOUR NEXT ORDER!

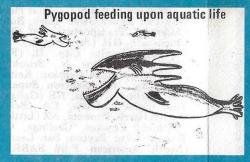
ALIEN CREATURE CONTEST WINNERS



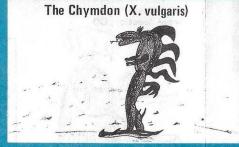
Galaxy, is a ferocious-looking creature. It is not, however, carnivorous. ...It is distinguished by short



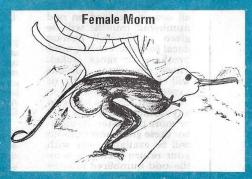
Kataga. The timid creature is stalked during the

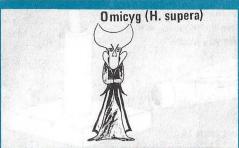


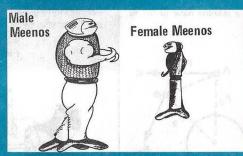
"Pygopod, (Pygopodiadae collei), an lancient fish of the seas of the planet Rhy in the Tau Ceti system of the Milky Way is known primarily for its skin-an extremely gritty, rough covering once animal a valuable prize among fishermen."



order known to man, the Chymdon (Xantusiidae the primary concentration of the species being on the planet Quotar, a barren planet on the outreaches of the 72 Upsilion triple-star system." -extracted from Encyclopedia Orbitus







Hurcules Cluster is indeed a paradox. Although

RUNNERS-UP

Stan D. Ewert Colgate, WI

Ben Mixson Camden, SC

Michael Haworth Yorba Linda, CA

Gene Esguerra Tamuning, GUAM

Carl Regier Richmond, CA

Evan Harrington Brooklyn, NY

Mark McFerron

Mt. Vernon, KY

Rob Holt Stone Mountain, GA

Robert Dannecker Port Crane, NY

Roger Sathre, Jr. Boise, ID

Todd Prullage Henryetta, OK

Deen Kokatnur Belle Mead, NJ

Lawrence Dong Detroit, MI

Francis Pang Stockton, CA

Steve Hamilton Huntington Beach, CA

Becky Hancox Toccoa, GA

Philip A. Rose Centereach, NY

Chris Donahue Northport, AL

Anthony Poon S. San Francisco, CA

Olaf Martinson Edinboro, PA

David Miller Menasha, WI

Tony Reschke Kelowna, BC, CANADA

David Hill Lincoln, NE

W. McFarland III Madison, FL

John Vice Waterloo, ON, CANADA



THE IDEA BOX

Make Your Own Canopy

To make a canopy for your rocket, use a round balsa nose cone, remove the shoulder, and

cut the nose cone lengthwise to the size you desire.

Next wrap the body tube you want the canopy for, with fine sandpaper, and sand the canopy down for a perfect fit.

Peter Husk Otterburn Park, Quebec CANADA Handy Knife Holder To make a handy knife holder, hollow out a spent engine and glue it to a base. If desired, you may

paint it any color.

Paul Hamrick Cullman, AL

Stump Your Teacher Quiz

Question for your teacher: Who were Abel and Baker?

Answer: Abel was an American-born rhesus monkey. Baker was a South American squirrel monkey. They were launched on May 28, 1958 as part of the preparations for the manned phase of Project Mercury. They were launched by an Army Jupiter intermediate range ballistic missile and reached a speed of 10,000 miles per hour and an altitude of 300 miles during their 1,500 mile trajectory. They were recovered alive and well.

Question for your teacher: Why does a satellite have to fall to stay in orbit?

Answer: A moving object possesses a property called momentum. This property is measured by multiplying the mass of the object by its velocity.

M = MV → The momentum of the moving object at Point A tends to keep the object moving in the direction shown by the vector line Fm. However, the force of gravity as represented by vector line Fg tends to pull the object toward the center of the larger body. The result of these two forces acting on the moving object is that the object, instead of going straight to point C*, "falls" and goes to point B. The motion which results from the two primary forces acting on the moving body, momentum and gravity, is a circular path about the larger body. To use proper terms, the smaller body is called the satellite of the larger body or primary. The path fol-lowed by the satellite is its orbit about the primary satellite.

If the satellite did not fall, its momentum would cause it to keep going in a straight line. This would cause the satellite to escape the gravitational field of the primary so it would no longer be a satellite

*Newton's First Law of Motion - A body at rest will remain at rest, and a body in motion will continue in motion with constant speed in a straight line as long as no unbalanced force acts

*(For a more detailed explanation, refer to Model Rocket News, for November 1968, (pages 8 & 9), September 1969 (pages 8 & 9), or The Laws of Motion and Model Rocketry, (pages 1 & 2).)

A Fm C

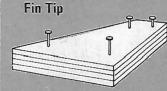
Fq = Force due to gravity

F_m= Force due to

M = Momentum

m = Mass

v = Velocity



After cutting the fins for your rocket, make them all the same size by pinning them together and then sanding them.

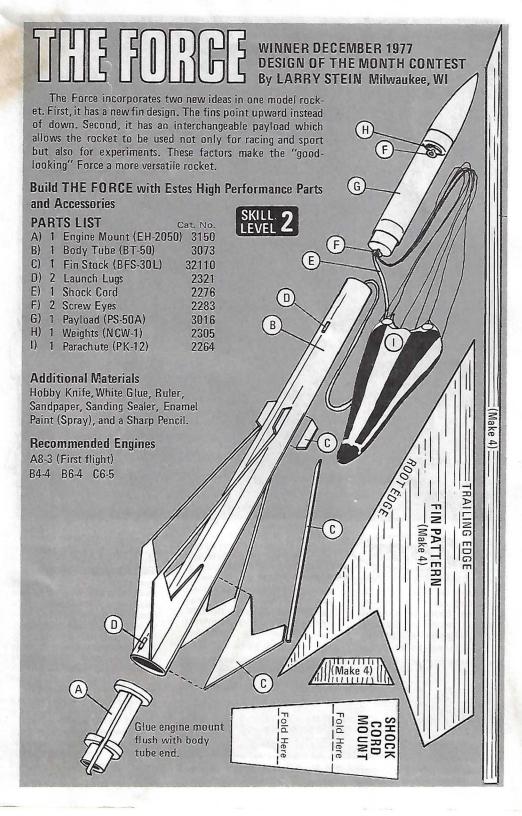
Martin Zelina Fallston, MD





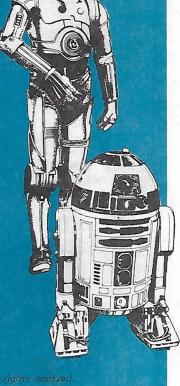
"You see, my counter part and I found it during one of our adventures, and we're returning it."

Mark R. Sinicki Bay City, MI



3-902/C3-9

May 15, 1978





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